Teacher Guide

The SNAP is the district numeracy assessment for all students in grades 2 – 7. Our objective is that all students in grades 2 – 7 will be assessed in depth in relation to a pair of content area outcomes. This assessment will reflect the curricular competencies and be graded on a performance scale. We have added grade 8 and 9 optional outcomes to the package in the event that Middle Schools want to use the SNAP school wide.

Our team of SD33 educators have been working on the new district assessment since September 2015 and have chosen the outcomes to be assessed.

Included in this package:

- Grade Outcomes
- Directions to Teachers
- Grading Rubric for Number Sense Assessment
- Grading Rubric for Operations Assessment
- Number Sense Assessment
- Operations Assessment

Grade Outcomes:

The following outcomes are to be used with the District Math Assessment.

Grade 2:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense up to 100
  May/June – Any two-digit number
Outcome #2 – Operations Addition to 100
  May/June – Addition of any two digit numbers without regrouping. Sum not exceeding 100.

Grade 3:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense up to 1000
  May/June – Any three-digit number
Outcome #2 – Operations Subtraction to 1000
  May/June – Subtraction of any three digit numbers with regrouping.

Grade 4:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense up to 10 000
Student Numeracy Assessment & Practice (SNAP)

May/June – Any four-digit number
Outcome #2 – Operations Multiplication of up to three-digit numbers by one-digit numbers
May/June – Multiplication of three-digit by one-digit numbers.

Grade 5:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense up to 1,000,000
May/June – Any six-digit number
Outcome #2 – Operations Division of up to three-digit division with remainders
May/June – Division of three-digit by one-digit with remainders.

Grade 6:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense from thousandths to billions
May/June – Any hundredths decimal (e.g. 1.12; 0.34; 0.78)
Outcome #2 – Division of decimals.
May/June – Operations Divisor is a one-digit whole number. The dividend can be any four-digit number with hundredths. For example: (45.34÷5=n); (71.76÷3=n); *
Note: Ensure that the quotient of the question does not exceed thousandths.

Grade 7:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense Integers
May/June – Any two-digit negative whole number.
Outcome #2 – Operations Conversions between fractions, decimals and percent
May/June – Start with a fraction. Convert to a decimal. Then convert to a percentage. *Ex 6/25, 2/20, 121/125. Choose fractions with denominators that can be converted into base 10 by using equivalent fractions.

Optional Grade 8:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense Percent greater than 100 (e.g. 140%)
Outcome #2 – Operations with fractions - addition (.e.g. 1/5 + 6/7 = ___)

Optional Grade 9:
Outcome #1 – Number Sense Exponents e.g. 5³
Outcome #2 – Operations multistep one variable linear equations (e.g. 2x + 5 = -7)
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Directions to Teachers:

- The assessment templates and associated outcomes need to be taught explicitly for students to be successful.
- These are teaching tools (not just assessments) that can be used multiple times per week.
- It might be a good idea for some classes to have the assessment introduced in chunks. For instance:
  - Start simple. Choose a number that the students will have success with.
    - Review the previous year’s outcomes
  - Start students off by working on the assessment in groups or pairs to build confidence and success
  - Teach explicitly each component of the assessment
  - Have students share their thinking; encourage them to use many different ways to demonstrate their thinking/solutions
- When evaluating the tool as an assessment, be sure to consider the assessment as a whole, as one part of the assessment can inform other pieces/outcomes.
- If during your pre-assessments (prior to May), you have students fully meeting expectations, record and file their achievement, then create learning extension opportunities for those students.
- Expect to see a noticeable difference to how students perform at different times of the year.
- If the sheet is too small (for grades 4 and higher), we recommend to use 11 x 17 sheets of paper. Grades 2 & 3 assessments are already on 11 x 17 sheets by default.
- Manipulatives can be used as an optional support.

Number Sense Specific Areas:

See Grading Rubrics for specific criteria. The goal is for our students to be fully proficient (3) in relation to the rubric by the end of the school year.

Draw Box: The picture/drawing/sketch is intended to be an open ended activity. Please be sure to have the students explain their thinking in the picture. Depending on their writing ability, this may require a conversation. The picture must show the value of the number.

Equation Box: Reminder that students who are demonstrating full proficiency will be using grade appropriate operations in their equations.
Real Life Example: The examples must be realistic and specific. It is important that students demonstrate an understanding of value in their example. For instance, "Wayne Gretzky's number is 99" does not show an understanding of value; "we have 99 grade three students in our school" does.

Number Line: For grades 2-5, the bookends to the number line are provided. For grades 6 & 7, the teacher needs to create the bookends according to the number chosen for the assessment (i.e. integer, fraction, or decimal). To demonstrate full proficiency, students will add benchmarks to their number line to help situate the number.

Operations Specific Areas:
See Grading Rubrics for specific criteria.

Represent: Student needs to visually represent the operation. The student may or may not provide the answer in their drawing.

Calculation: Multiple grade appropriate calculations reflect proficient achievement. Using the reverse operation to "check" their work is also a recommended strategy.

Grade 2 Math Story: Encourage students to draw picture to “tell” their story if they do not have the written ability to write a quick story. A quick follow up conversation will be required to know whether students are able to communicate their understanding.

Real Life Example or Word Problem: Students need to be able to give an example and provide details and evidence that communicate their understanding of the math.

Exemplars:
We have added a selection of exemplars; these examples are intended to represent proficiency in all categories. Currently we have included examples from grades 2 – 6. Further examples are in development. We will be updating our exemplars on an ongoing basis. Please feel free to send in student examples that you believe clearly show student proficiency. Scan and send to joanne_britton@sd33.bc.ca.
Student Numeracy Assessment & Practice (SNAP)

We are grateful to the dedicated team of Chilliwack educators who crafted and piloted this assessment: Christine Blessin, Jonathan Ferris, Kathy Isaac, Anna Lownie, Shannon McCann, Tammy McKinley, Justin Moore, Kirk Savage, Paul Wojcik
SNAP
Number Sense (0 - 100)

Draw to represent the value of the number:

Write the number in expanded form:

Create 3 equations that equal the number:

Write a real life example that shows the value of the number:

Count backwards by _______ from the number.

Show where the number belongs on the number line.

Count forwards by _______ from the number.

Communication & Representing
1 2 3 4

Understanding & Solving
1 2 3 4

Connecting & Reflecting
1 2 3 4

Reasoning & Analyzing
1 2 3 4

Drawing & expanded form
3 Equations
Real-life
Skip counting & number line
# Number Sense Rubric

**SNAP (Student Numeracy Assessment & Practice)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competency</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Communicating and Representing Picture Box | - Pictures do not show the value of the number  
- Inaccurate | - Pictures show some value in representing the number  
- Partially accurate | - Pictures are clearly communicated and represent the value of the number  
- Accurate | - Pictures are clearly communicated and represent the value of the number  
- Pictures demonstrate complexity  
- Accurate |
| Describe Picture         | - Description and elaboration of pictorial representation is not evident  
- Communication is not clear | - Partial accuracy in describing and elaborating on pictorial representation  
- Partially communicated | - Accurately describes and elaborates on pictorial representation  
- Clearly communicated | - Accurately describes and elaborates on pictorial representation in a variety of ways  
- Clearly communicated |
| Expanded Form            | - The value of each digit is not evident | - Partially accurate in demonstrating the value of each digit | - Accurately demonstrates the value of each digit | N/A |
| Understanding and Solving 3 Equations | - Accurate grade appropriate operations are not evident | - Accurately uses grade appropriate operations in one or two equations | - Accurately uses grade appropriate operations in all three equations | - Accurately uses grade appropriate operations in all three equations with increasing complexity and variety |
| Connecting and Reflecting Real Life Connection | - A real life example is not provided | - A partial connection to a real life example is provided | - Connection to a real life example is provided  
- Demonstrates understanding of the number value | - Connection to a personal real life example is provided  
- Demonstrates insight of the number value |
| Reasoning and Analyzing Number Line | - Incorrect estimate of placement of number on provided number line | - Partially correct estimate of placement of number on provided number line | - Correct estimate of placement of number on provided number line with benchmarks | - Correct estimate of placement of number on provided number line with increasing complexity |
| Counting Forwards and Backwards | - Incomplete and inaccurate | - Partially complete and accurate | - Complete and accurate | N/A |
# Operations Rubric

SNAP (Student Numeracy Assessment & Practice)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competency</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communicating and Representing</strong></td>
<td>Student understanding and application of learning outcomes is not evident</td>
<td>The student demonstrates some understanding and application of number sense</td>
<td>The student demonstrates proficient understanding and application of number sense</td>
<td>The student demonstrates superior understanding and application of number sense.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Entire Assessment</strong></td>
<td>Communication (written, pictorial or symbolic) of understanding is not evident</td>
<td>Communicates (written, pictorial or symbolic) limited understanding</td>
<td>Communicates (written, pictorial or symbolic) clear understanding in multiple ways</td>
<td>Communicates (written, pictorial or symbolic) insightful understanding in multiple ways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Understanding and Solving</strong></td>
<td>Strategies to solve the problem and show understanding are not evident</td>
<td>Strategies to correctly solve the problem and show understanding are simple or limited</td>
<td>Uses multiple <em>grade appropriate</em> strategies to correctly solve the problem and show understanding</td>
<td>Uses multiple strategies (<em>some beyond grade expectations</em>) to correctly solve the problem and show understanding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimate, Draw, Calculate Boxes, and Real Life Applications</strong></td>
<td>Real life applications are not evident</td>
<td>The real life application is not relevant</td>
<td>The real life application is relevant</td>
<td>The real life application is relevant and insightful</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Connecting and Reflecting</strong></td>
<td>Real life applications and connections to mathematical concepts are not evident</td>
<td>Real life applications and connections to mathematical concepts are limited</td>
<td>Real life applications and connections to mathematical concepts are evident</td>
<td>Real life applications and connections to mathematical concepts are insightful</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Real Life Example</strong></td>
<td>Simple reflections on mathematical thinking is not evident</td>
<td>Simple reflections on mathematical thinking are evident</td>
<td>Some insight on mathematical thinking is evident</td>
<td>Insightful reflection on mathematical thinking is evident</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reflection</strong></td>
<td>Estimation is not evident</td>
<td>Estimation is simple</td>
<td>Estimation is reasonable</td>
<td>Estimation is accurate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reasoning and Analyzing</strong></td>
<td>Mental math strategies are not used</td>
<td>Minimal use of mental math strategies</td>
<td>Demonstrates the use of mental math strategies</td>
<td>Demonstrates the use of mental math strategies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimate Box</strong></td>
<td>Connections are not evident</td>
<td>Simple connections are evident</td>
<td>Reasonable and logical connections are evident</td>
<td>Insightful and logical connections are evident</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SNAP
Number Sense (0 - 100)

Draw a picture to represent the number:

Write the number in expanded form:

90 + 3 = 93

Count backwards by 2, 5 or 10 from the number (circle one):

93
91
89
87
85
83
81
79
77

Create 3 equations that equal the number:

49 + 50 = 99
99 - 60 = 39
200 - 107 = 93

Write a real life example of this number:

93 cows

Please place the number on the line below so that you can show where it fits.

0 50 75 93 100

Reasoning & Analyzing
1 2 3 4

Understanding & Relating
1 2 3 4

Communicating & Representing
1 2 3 4

Connecting & Reflecting
1 2 3 4

Total
1 2 3 4

Grade 2

Student Numeracy Assessment and Practice (SNAP) March 3, 2016
SNAP
Number Sense (0 - 100)

Draw a picture to represent the number:

Write the number in expanded form:

\[70 + 5 = 75\]

Create 3 equations that equal the number:

\[70 + 5 = 75\]
\[80 - 5 = 75\]
\[50 + 25 = 75\]

Write a real life example of this number:

- 5 dollars for monster truck show

Count forwards by 2, 5, or 10 from the number (circle one):

- 75
- 70
- 65
- 60
- 55
- 50
- 45
- 40
- 35

Count backwards by 2, 5, or 10 from the number (circle one):

- 75
- 70
- 65
- 60
- 55
- 50
- 45
- 40
- 35

Place the number on the line below, so that you can show where it fits.

- 1

Reasoning & Analyzing: 1 2 3 4
Understanding & linking: 1 2 3 4
Communicating & Representing: 1 2 3 4
Connecting & Reflecting: 1 2 3 4
Total: 1 2 3 4
SNAP
Number Sense (0 - 100)

Name: 
Date: Apr 21 2016

Draw a picture to represent the number:

| 145 |
| 135 |
| 125 |
| 115 |
| 105 |
| 95  |
| 85  |
| 75  |
| 65  |

Write the number in expanded form:

55 + 10 = 65

Count backwards by 2, 5 or 10 from the number (Circle one).

| 55   |
| 55   |
| 45   |
| 35   |
| 25   |
| 15   |
| 5    |
| 0    |

Create 3 equations that equal the number:

65 \times 1 = 65
100 - 35 = 65
65 - 0 = 65

Write a real life example of this number:

65 people
Birthday cakes
65 old people's glasses
65 birds flying south

Place the number on the line below, so that you can show where it fits.

0 100

Reasoning & Analyzing
Understanding & Solving
Communicating & Representing
Connecting & Reflecting
Total

1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4

Grade 2
Student Numeracy Assessment and Practice (SNAP) March 3, 2016
Problem: 95 + 23

Guess:
100

Draw:

Calculate:
95
23
118

Math Story

Beginning: 95 cats at vets
Middle: 23 more visits
End: How many cats?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reasoning &amp; Analyzing</th>
<th>Understanding &amp; Solving</th>
<th>Communicating &amp; Representing</th>
<th>Connecting &amp; Reflecting</th>
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</tbody>
</table>
Addition SNAP

Problem: 78 + 31

Guess: 100

Draw:

Calculate: 109

Math Story

Beginning: Jumping over the moon

Middle: 31 more steps

End: There are 109 altogether

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<th>Understanding &amp; Solving</th>
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Grade 2

Student Numeracy Assessment and Practice (SNAP) March 3, 2016
(Adapted from ANEP)